Corporate Governance Statement 2016

ASX CG Principles

Compliance by the Company

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

A listed entity should establish and disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of board and management and how their performance is monitored and evaluated.

Recommendation 1.1

A listed entity should disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management, and those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Company has adopted a formal charter (**Board Charter**) clearly setting out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management. The key responsibilities of the Board include:

- setting the long-term strategy and annual business plan including objectives and milestones to be achieved;
- monitoring the performance of the Company against the financial objectives and operational goals set by the Board and reviewing the implementation of Board approved strategies;
- assessing the appropriateness of the skill sets and the levels of experience of the members of the Board, individually and as a whole and selecting new members to join the Board when a vacancy exists;
- appointing, removing and determining the terms of engagement of the Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary;
- overseeing the delegation of authority for the day to day management of the Company;
- ensuring that the risk management systems, financial reporting and information systems, personnel, policies and procedures are all operating efficiently and effectively by establishing a framework of internal controls and compliance;
- reviewing major contracts, goods or services on credit terms, acceptance of counterparty risks and issuing

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ASX CG Principles		guarantees on behalf of the Company;	
		approving the capital structure and major funding requirements of the Company;	
		establishing a Disclosure and Communication Policy to ensure that the Company complies with its disclosure obligations under the ASX listing rules;	
		 approving the Company's half year and full year reports to the shareholders, ASX and ASIC; and 	
		ensuring that recruitment, retention, termination, remuneration, performance review and succession planning policies and procedures are in place and complied with.	
Reco	ommendation 1.2	The Board currently undertakes	
A list	ed entity should: undertake appropriate checks before appointing a	appropriate checks before appointing or nominating board candidates.	
	person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and	The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration	
(b)	provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Committee to identify and make recommendations to the Board for the appointment of new Board candidates, having regard to their skills, experience and expertise.	
		In doing so, the Board requires this committee to undertake appropriate checks on potential Board candidates.	
Reco	ommendation 1.3	All directors and senior executives	
A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their		have entered into written appointment agreements with the Company.	
appointment.		Specifically:	
		the non-executive directors have each executed a letter of appointment setting out the terms and conditions of their appointment; and	
		the executive director and senior executives of the Company have entered into service contracts, settingout	

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		the terms and conditions of their employment.	
The acco	company secretary of a listed entity should be untable directly to the board, through the chair, on all ers to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the chairperson, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	
		The Company has adopted a formal board charter (Board Charter) setting out the Company Secretary's responsibilities.	
		Under the Board Charter, the Company Secretary is responsible for:	
		 advising the Board and its committees on governance matters; 	
		 monitoring the Board and committee policy and procedures are followed; 	
		coordinating the timely completion and dispatch of Board and committeepapers;	
		ensuring the business at Board and committee meetings is accurately captured in the minutes; and	
		helping to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of Directors and the Company Secretary.	
Recommendation 1.5		The Company has a diversity policy in place (Diversity Policy).	
	ed entity should:	The Diversity Policy entrusts the	
(a)	have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;	Board with the responsibility for designing and overseeing the Diversity Policy.	
		Under the Diversity Policy, the Board is:	
(b)	disclose that policy or a summary of it; and	 required to develop initiatives 	
(c)	disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:	that will promote and achieve diversity goals;	
		 responsible for reviewingthis diversity policy and will 	
	(i) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these	assess the status of diversity within the Company and the effectiveness of this policy in achieving the measurable objectives which have been	

ASX CG Principles Compliance by the Company purposes); or set to achieve diversity; and (ii) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under responsible for assessing the the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the effectiveness of the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Company's diversity Indicators", as defined in and published objectives each year. under that Act. Recommendation 1.6 Under the Board Charter, each Director's performance is assessed A listed entity should: when standing for re-election. Before each annual general have and disclose a process for periodically meeting, the Chairperson of the evaluating the performance of the board, its Board assesses the performance of committees and individual directors; and any Director standing for re-election (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, and the Board will determine their whether a performance evaluation was undertaken recommendation to shareholders in the reporting period in accordance with that on the re-election of the Director (in process. the absence of the Director involved). The Board (excluding the Chairperson), will conduct the review of the Chairperson. Recommendation 1.7 Under the Board Charter, senior executives' performance will be A listed entity should: considered by the independent Directors in a meeting separate have and disclose a process for periodically to the Board meetings. The evaluating the performance of its senior executives; Chairperson is responsible for and ensuring independent Director disclose, in relation to each reporting period, (b) meetings take place on a whether a performance evaluation was undertaken regular basis. in the reporting period in accordance with that process. Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value A listed entity should have a board of an appropriate size, composition, skills and commitment to enable it to discharge its duties effectively.

Recommendation 2.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - has at least three members, a majority of (i) whom are independent directors; and
 - is chaired by an independent director; and (ii) disclose
 - (iii) the charter of the committee;
 - (iv) the members of the committee; and
 - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose

The Board has adopted a dedicated Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which will have authority and power to exercise the roles and responsibilities granted to it under a nomination and remuneration committee charter (Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter), and any other resolutions of the Board from time to time. The Committee is to be comprised of 3 directors, 2 of which are independent directors and one of whom will act as chairperson.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's

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that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		website.
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.		The Board has not, at this time, adopted a board skills matrix. However, the Company will seek to have directors with an appropriate range of skills, experience and expertise and an understanding of and competence to deal with current and emerging issues of the business. In addition, the Company's succession plans are designed to maintain an appropriate balance of skills, experience and expertise on the Board.
	ommendation 2.3	Out of the Board members, Yuen Loke Chin, Kasudjono Harianto,
A list	ed entity should disclose: the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;	Michael Thirnbeck and Alberto Migliucci are each considered to be independent Directors.
(b)	if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and the length of service of each director.	The Board will regularly assess the independence of each Director in light of the interests disclosed by them. That assessment will be made at least annually at, or around the time, that the Board considers candidates for election to the Board, and each independent Director is required to provide the Board with all relevant information for this purpose.
		If the Board determines that a Director's independent status has changed, that determination will be disclosed to the market in a timely fashion.
Recommendation 2.4		The Board currently consists of
A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		four Non-Executive Directors.
Recommendation 2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		The Chairperson of the Board will be Alberto Migulucci, who is an independent, non-executive director

Recommendation 2.6

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

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Under the Board Charter, the Directors are expected to participate in any induction or orientation programs on appointment, and any continuing education or training arranged for them.

The Company Secretary will help to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of Directors.

Currently the induction of new Directors and plan for professional development is managed informally by the full Board.

Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

A listed entity should act ethically and responsibly.

Recommendation 3.1

A listed entity should:

- (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.

The Board has adopted a code of conduct (**Code of Conduct**) which sets out the values, commitments, ethical standards and policies of the Company and outlines the standards of conduct expected of the Company's business and people, taking into account the Company's legal and other obligations to its stakeholders.

The Code of Conduct will apply to all Directors, as well as all officers, employees, contractors, consultants, other persons that act on behalf of the Company.

The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website.

Compliance by the Company

Principle 4 - Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

A listed entity should have formal and rigorous processes that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting.

Recommendation 4.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
 - (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,

And disclose:

- (iii) the charter of the committee;
- (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Board is committed to following Recommendation 4.1 and has established an Audit and Risk Committee. This Committee is responsible for, amongst other things, appointing the Company's external auditors and overseeing the integrity of the Company's financial reporting systems and financial statements.

The Company has also adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website.

The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, the number of times the Audit and Risk Committee met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each relevant reporting period.

Recommendation 4.2

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Board will implement a process to receive written assurances from its CEO and Chief Financial Officer that the declarations that will be provided under section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) are founded on a system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

The Board will seek these assurances prior to approving the annual financial statements for all half year and full year results that follow.

Recommendation 4.3

A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

The Company has adopted a formal Disclosure and Communication Policy, where there is an express requirement that the external auditor will attend the AGM and be available to answer questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

Compliance by the Company

Principle 5 - make timely and balanced disclosure

A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities.

Recommendation 5.1

A listed entity should:

- (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Consistent with the Board's commitment to improving its disclosure policy, the Board has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy, which sets out the Company's commitment to the objective of promoting investor confidence and the rights of shareholders by:

- complying with the continuous disclosure obligations imposed by law;
- ensuringthat company announcements are presented in a factual, clear and balanced way;
- ensuring that all shareholders have equal and timely access to material information concerning the Company; and
- communicating effectively with shareholders and making it easy for them to participate in general meetings.

The Disclosure and Communication Policy is available on the Company's website.

Compliance by the Company

Principle 6 - Respect the rights of security holders

A listed entity should respect the rights of its security holders by providing them with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise those rights effectively.

Recommendation 6.1

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

The Company recognises the rights of its shareholders and other interested stakeholders to have easy access to balanced, understandable and timely information concerning the operations of the Group. The Chief Executive Officer and the Company Secretary will be primarily responsible for ensuring communications with shareholders are delivered in accordance with this strategy and with its current market disclosure policy.

The Company strives to communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders in a regular manner as outlined in Principle 5 of this statement. However as stated above, for a period, the Company did not communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders in a timely manner.

Information concerning the Company and its governance practices will be made available on its website in due course.

Recommendation 6.2

A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.

As mentioned above under Recommendation 5.1, the Board has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy which supports its commitment to effective communication with its shareholders. In addition, the Company intends to communicate

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			with its shareholders:
			 by making timely market announcements;
			by posting relevant information on to its website;
			by inviting shareholders to make direct inquiries to the Company; and
			through the use of general meetings.
A list	ted entity s in plac	dation 6.3 y should disclose the policies and processes e to facilitate and encourage participation at security holders.	The Board encourages participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting or any other shareholder meetings to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the Company's strategy and goals. Shareholders are requested to vote on the appointment and aggregate remuneration of Directors, the granting of options and shares to Directors, issue of shares and changes to the constitution.
Reco	ommen	dation 6.4	The Company's Shareholders may
recei	ive comi	y should give security holders the option to munications from, and send communications and its security registry electronically.	elect to receive information from the Company and its registry electronically. Otherwise, the Company and its registry will communicate by post with shareholders who have not elected to receive information electronically.
Prin	ciple 7 -	- Recognise and manage risk	
A lis	ted entit	ly should establish a sound risk management fi s of that framework.	ramework and periodically review the
Reco	ommen	dation 7.1	The Board has adopted a formal
The	board of	f a listed entity should:	Audit and Risk Committee to, amongst other things, ensure the
(a)		a committee or committees to oversee risk,	Company has an effective risk
(α)		of which:	management system in place and
	(i)	has at least three members, a majority of	to manage key risk areas.
		whom are independent directors; and	This committee will comprise of 3 independent, non-executive
	(ii)	is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:	Directors, one of whom will act as chairperson. The independent
	(iii)	the charter of the committee;	directors will be appointed to the Committee by the Closing Date.
	(iv)	the members of the committee; and	
	(v)	as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met	The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, the number of times the

throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

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Committee met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each reporting period.

The Company has adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 7.2

The board or a committee of the board should:

- review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

Under the Board Charter, the Board will ensure that the Company has in place an appropriate risk management framework and will set the appetite within which the Board expects management to operate.

Further, it is intended that the Audit and Risk Committee will, among other things, regularly review and update the risk profile and ensure that the Company has an effective risk management system.

As part of this process, the Board will review, at least annually, the Company's risk management framework in order to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound.

The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, whether a review the Company's risk management framework was undertaken during the relevant reporting period.

Recommendation 7.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Company has appropriate internal audit systems and controls in place, and for overseeing the effectiveness of these internal controls. The Committee will also be responsible for conducting investigations of breaches or potential breaches of these internal controls.

In addition, the Audit and Risk Committee will be responsible for preparing a risk profile which describes the material risks facing the Company, regularly reviewing and updating this risk profile, and assessing and ensuring that there are internal controls in place for determining and managing key risks.

ASX CG Principles Compliance by the Company Recommendation 7.4 The Company has economic risk. A listed entity should disclose whether it has any The risks and how they will be material exposure to economic, environmental and managed are set out in the social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages Prospectus. or intends to manage those risks. Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders. **Recommendation 8.1** The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration The board of a listed entity should: Committee. The Committee is responsible for developing, have a remuneration committee which: (a) reviewing and making (i) has at least three members, a majority of recommendations on: whom are independent directors; and the remuneration (ii) is chaired by an independent director, framework for directors, including the process by and disclose: which any pool of directors fees approved (iii) the charter of the committee; by security holders is (iv) the members of the committee; and allocated to directors; as at the end of each reporting period, the (v) the remuneration number of times the committee met packages to be awarded to senior throughout the period and the individual executives: attendances of the members at those equity based meetings; or remuneration plans for senior executives and (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee. other employees; and disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration superannuation for directors and senior executives and ensuring arrangements for that such remuneration is appropriate and not directors, senior excessive. executives and other employees. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is comprised of 3 directors, 2 of which are independent directors and one of whom will act as independent chairperson. The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, the number of times the committee met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each reporting period.

The Company has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter which is on the Company's website.

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Recommendation 8.2

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors

The Company's remuneration policy is disclosed in the Directors' Report which forms part of the Annual Report. The policy has been set out to ensure that performance of Directors, kev executives and staff reflect each person's accountabilities, and their level of performance, and to ensure that remuneration is competitive in attracting, motivating and retaining staff of the highest quality. A program of regular performance appraisals objective setting for key executives and staff is in place. These annual reviews take into account individual and company performance, market movements and expert advice.

Recommendation 8.3

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

The constitution permits directors, senior executives and other officers of the Company to trade in Company shares as long as they comply with the Company's Share Trading Policy. The Share Trading Policy is a code that is designed to minimise the potential for insider trading.

Directors must notify the Chairman of the Board, before they buy or sell shares in the Company. If the Chairman of the Board intends to trade in the Company shares, the Chairman of the Board must give prior notice to the whole Board. The details of the share trading must be given to the Company Secretary who must lodge such details of such changes in with the ASX.

Senior executives must give prior notice to the Chief Executive Officer, while other officers must notify the Company Secretary, before trading in the Company shares and details of all such transactions must be given, in writing, to the Company Secretary within 7 business days.

Any changes in substantial shareholding of the Directors, senior executives or other officers must be reported to the ASX within 2 business days of such trading

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	The policy also recommends that trading in the Company shares only occur in the following trading windows:		
	30 days after the announcement of the Company's half year results; and		
	30 days after the announcement of the Company's full year results.		