## **RedChip International Limited**

## **Corporate Governance Statement**

### **ASX CG Principles**

# Compliance by the Company

### Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

A listed entity should establish and disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of board and management and how their performance is monitored and evaluated.

#### **Recommendation 1.1**

A listed entity should disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management, and those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Company has adopted a formal charter (**Board Charter**) clearly setting out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management. The key responsibilities of the Board include:

- setting the long-term strategy and annual business plan including objectives and milestones to be achieved;
- monitoring the performance of the Company against the financial objectives and operational goals set by the Board and reviewing the implementation of Board approved strategies;
- assessing the appropriateness of the skill sets and the levels of experience of the members of the Board, individually and as a whole and selecting new members to join the Board when a vacancy exists;
- appointing, removing and determining the terms of engagement of the Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary;
- overseeing the delegation of authority for the day to day management of the Company;
- ensuring that the risk management systems, financial reporting and information systems, personnel, policies and procedures are all operating efficiently and effectively by establishing a framework of internal controls and compliance;
- reviewing major contracts, goods or services on credit terms, acceptance of counter-party risks and issuing guarantees on behalf of the Company;
- approving the capital structure and major funding requirements of the Company;
- establishing a Disclosure and

ASX CG Principles	Compliance by the Company	
	Communication Policy to ensure that the Company complies with its disclosure obligations under the ASX listing rules;	
	approving the Company's half year and full year reports to the shareholders, ASX and ASIC; and	
	ensuring that recruitment, retention, termination, remuneration, performance review and succession planning policies and procedures are in place and complied with.	
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should:	The Board currently undertakes appropriate checks before appointing or nominating board candidates.	
<ul> <li>(a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and</li> <li>(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether</li> </ul>	The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee to identify and make recommendations to the Board for the appointment of new Board candidates, having regard to their skills,	
or not to elect or re-elect a director.	experience and expertise.  In doing so, the Board requires this committee to undertake appropriate checks on potential Board candidates.	
Recommendation 1.3  A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their	All directors (and proposed directors) and senior executives have entered into written appointment agreements with the Company.	
appointment.	Specifically:	
	the non-executive directors have each executed a letter of appointment setting out the terms and conditions of their appointment; and	
	the executive director and senior executives of the Company have entered into service contracts, setting out the terms and conditions of their employment.	
Recommendation 1.4  The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the chairperson, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	
The state of the s	The Company has adopted a formal board charter ( <b>Board Charter</b> ) setting out the Company Secretary's responsibilities.	
	Under the Board Charter, the Company Secretary is responsible for:	
	advising the Board and its committees on governance matters;	
	monitoring the Board and committee	

ASX	CG Pri	nciples	Compliance by the Company	
			policy and procedures are followed;	
			coordinating the timely completion and dispatch of Board and committee papers;	
			ensuring the business at Board and committee meetings is accurately captured in the minutes; and	
			helping to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of Directors and the Company Secretary.	
Recommendation 1.5			The Company has a diversity policy in	
A list	ed entity	y should:	place (Diversity Policy).	
(a)	•		The Diversity Policy entrusts the Board with the responsibility for designing and overseeing the Diversity Policy.	
		ally both the objectives and the entity's	Under the Diversity Policy, the Board is:	
(b)	disclose that policy or a summary of it; and  disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:  promote and achieve  responsible for review policy and will assess diversity within the Colored effectiveness of this packets.		<ul> <li>required to develop initiatives that will promote and achieve diversity goals;</li> </ul>	
(c)			<ul> <li>responsible for reviewing this diversity policy and will assess the status of diversity within the Company and the effectiveness of this policy in achieving the measurable objectives which have been set to achieve diversity; and</li> <li>responsible for assessing the effectiveness of the Company's diversity objectives each year.</li> </ul>	
	(i) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or			
	(ii)	if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.		
Reco	ommend	dation 1.6	Under the Board Charter, each Director's	
A listed entity should:			performance is assessed when standing for re-election. Before each annual general	
(a)	have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.		meeting, the Chairperson of the Board assesses the performance of any Director standing for re-election and the Board will determine their recommendation to	
(b)			shareholders on the re-election of the Director (in the absence of the Director involved). The Board (excluding the Chairperson), will conduct the review of the Chairperson.	
Reco	ommend	dation 1.7	Under the Board Charter, senior executives' performance will be considered by the independent Directors	

### **ASX CG Principles**

#### A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.

#### **Compliance by the Company**

in a meeting separate to the Board meetings. The Chairperson is responsible for ensuring independent Director meetings take place on a regular basis.

### Principle 2 - Structure the board to add value

A listed entity should have a board of an appropriate size, composition, skills and commitment to enable it to discharge its duties effectively.

#### **Recommendation 2.1**

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
  - (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
  - (ii) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose
  - (iii) the charter of the committee;
  - (iv) the members of the committee; and
  - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The Board has adopted a dedicated Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which will have authority and power to exercise the roles and responsibilities granted to it under a nomination and remuneration committee charter (Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter), and any other resolutions of the Board from time to time. The Committee is to be comprised of 3 directors, 2 of which are independent directors and one of whom will act as chairperson.

The Proposed Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

### Recommendation 2.2

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

The Board has not, at this time, adopted a board skills matrix. However, the Company will seek to have directors with an appropriate range of skills, experience and expertise and an understanding of and competence to deal with current and emerging issues of the business. In addition, the Company's succession plans are designed to maintain an appropriate balance of skills, experience and expertise on the Board.

### **Recommendation 2.3**

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or

Out of the Board members, Kasudjono Harianto and Michael Thirnbeck are each considered to be independent Directors.

The Board will regularly assess the independence of each Director in light of the interests disclosed by them. That

#### **ASX CG Principles Compliance by the Company** relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the assessment will be made at least annually board is of the opinion that it does not compromise at, or around the time, that the Board the independence of the director, the nature of the considers candidates for election to the interest, position, association or relationship in Board, and each independent Director is question and an explanation of why the board is of required to provide the Board with all relevant information for this purpose. that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. If the Board determines that a Director's independent status has changed, that determination will be disclosed to the market in a timely fashion. The Board currently consists of four Non-Recommendation 2.4 Executive Directors and one Executive A majority of the board of a listed entity should be Director The Board intends to recruit an independent directors. additional person so that the majority is independent directors. The Directors believe that the structure of the Board is appropriate for the size and stage of development of the Company. **Recommendation 2.5** The Chairperson of the Board is Alberto Migliucci, who is an a non-executive The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an director. He is not the CEO but is not independent director and, in particular, should not be the independent due to his substantial same person as the CEO of the entity. shareholding in the Company. The Board considers that his Chairmanship of the Company is appropriate at the current stage of development of the Company. Recommendation 2.6 Under the Board Charter, the Directors are expected to participate in any induction or A listed entity should have a program for inducting new orientation programs on appointment, and directors and provide appropriate professional any continuing education or training development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their arranged for them. role as directors effectively. The Company Secretary will help to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of Directors. Principle 3 - Act ethically and responsibly A listed entity should act ethically and responsibly. **Recommendation 3.1** The Board has adopted a code of conduct (Code of Conduct) which sets out the A listed entity should: values, commitments, ethical standards and policies of the Company and outlines the have a code of conduct for its directors, senior (a) standards of conduct expected of the executives and employees; and Company's business and people, taking (b) disclose that code or a summary of it. into account the Company's legal and other obligations to its stakeholders. The Code of Conduct will apply to all Directors, as well as all officers, employees, contractors, consultants, other persons that act on behalf of the Company. The Code of Conduct is available on the

Company's website.

#### **ASX CG Principles**

#### **Compliance by the Company**

### Principle 4 - Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

A listed entity should have formal and rigorous processes that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting.

#### **Recommendation 4.1**

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
  - (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
  - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board.

And disclose:

- (iii) the charter of the committee;
- (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Board is committed to following Recommendation 4.1 and has established an Audit and Risk Committee. This Committee is responsible for, amongst other things, appointing the Company's external auditors and overseeing the integrity of the Company's financial reporting systems and financial statements.

The Company has also adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website.

The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, the number of times the Audit and Risk Committee met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each relevant reporting period.

#### Recommendation 4.2

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Board will implement a process to receive written assurances from its CEO and Chief Financial Officer that the declarations that will be provided under section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) are founded on a system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

The Board will seek these assurances prior to approving the annual financial statements for all half year and full year results that follow.

#### **Recommendation 4.3**

A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

The Company has adopted a formal Disclosure and Communication Policy, where there is an express requirement that the external auditor will attend the AGM and be available to answer questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

#### Principle 5 - make timely and balanced disclosure

A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable

#### **ASX CG Principles**

### **Compliance by the Company**

person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities.

#### Recommendation 5.1

A listed entity should:

- (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Consistent with the Board's commitment to improving its disclosure policy, the Board has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy, which sets out the Company's commitment to the objective of promoting investor confidence and the rights of shareholders by:

- complying with the continuous disclosure obligations imposed by law;
- ensuring that company announcements are presented in a factual, clear and balanced way;
- ensuring that all shareholders have equal and timely access to material information concerning RedChip International Limited; and
- communicating effectively with shareholders and making it easy for them to participate in general meetings.

The Disclosure and Communication Policy is available on the Company's website.

## Principle 6 - Respect the rights of security holders

A listed entity should respect the rights of its security holders by providing them with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise those rights effectively.

#### **Recommendation 6.1**

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

The Company recognises the rights of its shareholders and other interested stakeholders to have easy access to balanced, understandable and timely information concerning the operations of the Group. The Chief Executive Officer and the Company Secretary will be primarily responsible for ensuring communications with shareholders are delivered in accordance with this strategy and with its current market disclosure policy.

The Company strives to communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders in a regular manner as outlined in Principle 5 of this statement. However as stated above, for a period, the Company did not communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders in a timely manner.

Information concerning the Company and its governance practices will be made available on its website in due course.

#### Recommendation 6.2

As mentioned above under Recommendation 5.1, the Board has

ASX	CG Pri	nciples	Compliance by the Company
A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.			adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy which supports its commitment to effective communication with its shareholders. In addition, the Company intends to communicate with its shareholders:
			by making timely market announcements;
			<ul> <li>by posting relevant information on to its website;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>by inviting shareholders to make direct inquiries to the Company; and</li> </ul>
			through the use of general meetings.
Recommendation 6.3  A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.			The Board encourages participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting or any other shareholder meetings to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the Company's strategy and goals. Shareholders are requested to vote on the appointment and aggregate remuneration of Directors, the granting of options and shares to Directors, issue of shares and changes to the constitution.
Reco	ommen	dation 6.4	The Company's Shareholders may elect to
recei	ive com	ry should give security holders the option to munications from, and send communications and its security registry electronically.	receive information from the Company and its registry electronically. Otherwise, the Company and its registry will communicate by post with shareholders who have not elected to receive information electronically
A list	ted entit	<ul> <li>Recognise and manage risk</li> <li>should establish a sound risk management fisher</li> <li>of that framework.</li> </ul>	ramework and periodically review the
Reco	ommen	dation 7.1	The Board has adopted a formal Audit and
The board of a listed entity should:			Risk Committee to, amongst other things, ensure the Company has an effective risk
(a)		a committee or committees to oversee risk, of which:	management system in place and to manage key risk areas.
	(i)	has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	This committee will comprise of 3 independent, non-executive Directors, one
	(ii)	is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:	of whom will act as chairperson. The independent directors will be appointed to the Committee by the Closing Date.
	(iii)	the charter of the committee;	The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, the number of times the Committee met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each reporting period.
	(iv)	the members of the committee; and	
	(v)	as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual	
	attendances of the members at those meetings; or	The Company has adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is	

Compliance by the Company
available on the Company's website.
Under the Board Charter, the Board will ensure that the Company has in place an appropriate risk management framework and will set the appetite within which the Board expects management to operate.  Further, it is intended that the Audit and Risk Committee will, among other things, regularly review and update the risk profile and ensure that the Company has an effective risk management system.  As part of this process, the Board will review, at least annually, the Company's
risk management framework in order to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound.  The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, whether a review the Company's risk management framework was undertaken during the relevant reporting period.
The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Company has appropriate internal audit systems and controls in place, and for overseeing the effectiveness of these internal controls. The Committee will also be responsible for conducting investigations of breaches or potential breaches of these internal controls.  In addition, the Audit and Risk Committee will be responsible for preparing a risk profile which describes the material risks facing the Company, regularly reviewing and updating this risk profile, and assessing and ensuring that there are internal controls in place for determining and managing key risks.

A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders.

#### **Recommendation 8.1**

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
  - (i) has at least three members, a majority of

The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Committee is responsible for developing, reviewing and making recommendations on:

the remuneration framework for

#### **ASX CG Principles Compliance by the Company** directors, including the process whom are independent directors; and by which any pool of directors (ii) is chaired by an independent director, fees approved by security holders is allocated to directors: and disclose: the remuneration packages to (iii) the charter of the committee; be awarded to senior (iv) the members of the committee; and executives: as at the end of each reporting period, the (v) equity based remuneration plans number of times the committee met for senior executives and other employees; and throughout the period and the individual superannuation arrangements for attendances of the members at those directors, senior executives and meetings; or other employees. (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee. The Nomination and Remuneration disclose that fact and the processes it employs for Committee is comprised of 3 directors, 2 setting the level and composition of remuneration of which are independent directors and for directors and senior executives and ensuring one of whom will act as independent that such remuneration is appropriate and not chairperson. excessive. The Company intends to disclose, at the relevant time, the number of times the committee met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each reporting period. The Company has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter which is on the Company's website. **Recommendation 8.2** The Company's remuneration policy is disclosed in the Directors' Report which A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and forms part of the Annual Report. The policy practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors has been set out to ensure that the performance of Directors, key executives staff reflect each person's accountabilities, duties and their level of performance. and to ensure that remuneration is competitive in attracting, motivating and retaining staff of the highest quality. A program of regular performance appraisals and objective setting for key executives and staff is in place. These annual reviews take into account individual and company performance. market movements and expert advice. **Recommendation 8.3** The constitution permits directors, senior executives and other officers of the A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration Company to trade in Company shares as scheme should: long as they comply with the Company's have a policy on whether participants are permitted (a) Share Trading Policy. The Share Trading to enter into transactions (whether through the use Policy is a code that is designed to of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the minimise the potential for insider trading. economic risk of participating in the scheme; and

# **ASX CG Principles Compliance by the Company** disclose that policy or a summary of it. Directors must notify the Chairman of the Board, before they buy or sell shares in the Company. If the Chairman of the Board intends to trade in the Company shares, the Chairman of the Board must give prior notice to the whole Board. The details of the share trading must be given to the Company Secretary who must lodge such details of such changes in with the ASX. Senior executives must give prior notice to the Chief Executive Officer, while other officers must notify the Company Secretary, before trading in the Company shares and details of all such transactions must be given, in writing, to the Company Secretary within 7 business days. Any changes in substantial shareholding of the Directors, senior executives or other officers must be reported to the ASX within 2 business days of such trading. The policy also recommends that trading in the Company shares only occur in the following trading windows: 30 days after the announcement of the Company's half year results; and 30 days after the announcement of the Company's full year results.